Paper / Subject Code: 89287 / Quantitative Analysis (DLOC)

TE sem VT



R-19 C scheme 16/12/21

16/12/1y

(Time-3 Hours)

Total Marks 80

NB

- 1) Question **number 1** is compulsory
- 2) Attempt any three out of the remaining five questions.
- 3) Assume suitable data if necessary and justify the assumptions.
- 4) Draw neat and clean diagrams
- 5) Figures to the **right** indicate full marks

Q1 Attempt the following

20

- a) Justify or contradict 'Charts or graphs are more effective in attracting attention than any other method of presenting data'.
- b) Explain Census method. Its merits and demerits.
- c) Justify or contradict 'bxy and by must be either positive or negative'
- d) Explain Simple Random Sampling
- Q2 a) For 100 students of a class, the regression equation of marks Statistics(X) and 10 Economics(Y) is 3Y-5X+180 =0. The mean marks in Economics is 50, and variance of marks in Statistics is 4/9 of the marks in Economics. Find the mean marks in Statistics and the coefficient of correlation between them.
 - b) Define and explain the following terms with an example: Grouped data, class interval, class limits, class boundaries, class mark, inclusive and exclusive series, frequency and tally marks
- Q3 a) Explain regression and its types. Also explain regression analysis and discuss its applications.
 - b) Explain parametric point estimation in detail

Q4 a) For the following data

10

10

- i) Fit a regression $\hat{y} = a + b_1 \hat{x}_1 + b_2 \hat{x}_2$
 - ii) Find the coefficient of multiple determination (R²).
 - Also test the significance of regression (Given the appropriate Table value, F = 13.274, for a significance level of $\alpha = 0.01$)

Sales Territory	Sales in (Cakh Rs)	Advt in '000 (x1)	Number of selling agents (x2)
1 5	190	5 80 s	40
2	± 5 80 €	35	13
3	75	3 <i>5</i>	7
4	100	50	20
5	125	60	× 19
6	90	40	13
7.5	<u></u>	20	20
8	130	60	28



b) What do you understand by Data collection? Classify different types of data based on sources of data.

What do you mean by Partial correlation coefficients? Explain in detail. Q5 10 a) 10 b) Explain in detail Neyman Pearson Jemma 20 Q6 Meaning and importance of Tabulation
Method of maximum liberal. a) b) Significance of Overall fit of regression model c) d) MP and UMP tests. - And the state of the state of

The state of the s

The state of the s

The state of the s

The state of the s

A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

67303

A STANDARD OF THE PROPERTY OF

Paper / Subject Code: 89285 / Internet of Things (DLOC)

TE som I C-scheme R-19 computer

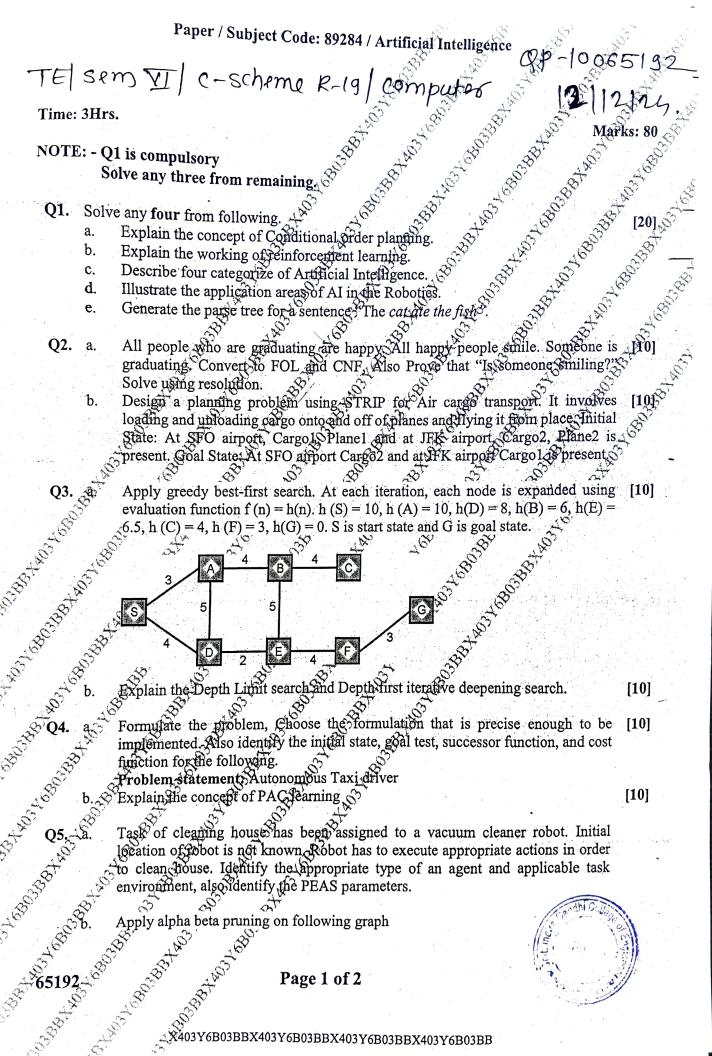
99-10066057 16/12/14 Max. Marks: 80

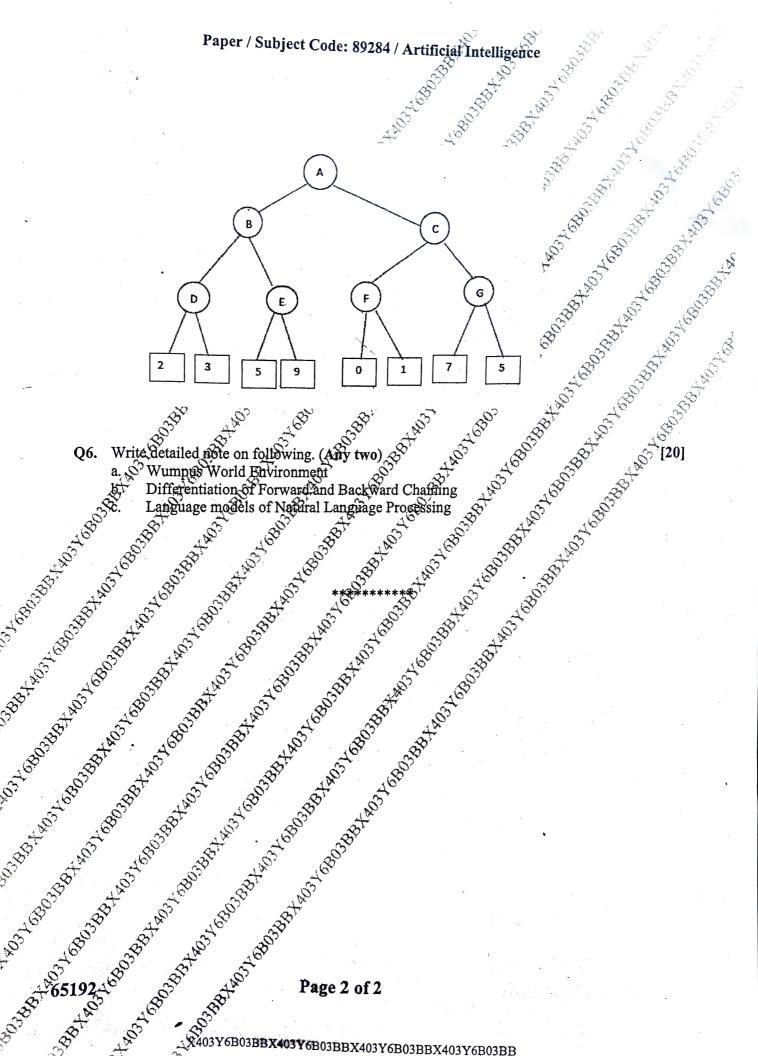
Time: 3 hours

Instr	uctio	ns:	
1)	Atte	empt any Four questions.	
2)	Fig	ures to the right indicate full marks.	30
3)	Ass	ume suitable additional data, if necessary and clearly state it.	
Q.1	(a)	Discuss IOTWF Standardized-Architecture.	10
	(b)	What is IOT? How IoT is different from Digitization? List out the	10
		different IOT Challenges.	A C
			, ş
0.2	(a)	Give Classification of networks according to access technologies and	10
Q.2	(a)	distances.	
		Describe domain specific IOT related to smart city.	7
		Describe domain specific for related to smart only.	, desired
			100
Q.3	(a)	With example, explain the types of Sensors and Actuators used in ToT applications	10
	(b)	Describe data vs network analytics for an IoT network.	10
	(2)		
			10
Q.4	(a)	Compare and contrast: Application Layer protocols.	
	(b)	What are IOT software platform? Explain with examples.	10
Q.5	(a)	Short notes on Edge computing, Fog computing and Cloud computing.	10
C	(b)	Briefly explain Adapting SCADA for IP	10
	(b)	Dillony oxpression and the second of the second or the sec	
Q.6	(a)	Explain different IoT enabling technologies.	10
	(b)	Discuss in brief-	10
		1. Gateways and Backhaul Sublayer in Core IoT Functional Stack	
		2. Communications Network Layer in Core IoT Functional Stack.	









Paper / Subject Code: 89283 / Mobile Computing

TEISON II C-scheme R-19 computer

9P-10068142

10

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 80

Instructions	to	Candidates
--------------	----	------------

1. Question Number 1 is Compulsory, solve any 3 from Remaining Questions 2. Please Specify your answers with neat sketch wherever Necessary 3. Assume any suitable Data and Mention the same in your answer. Q1. a) Compare all Mobile Generations i.e. 1G, 2G, 3G,4G and 5G. 10 b) Explain GPRS Architecture in detail. 10 Q2. a) Compare Infrastructure Based Network with Ad-hoc network 05 b) Explain GSM Authentication in brief 05 c) Explain in detail GSM System Architecture and Describe Function of Each Block. 10 Q3 a) How IP Packet Delivery Takes Place to and from Mobile Node? Explain in detail. 10 b) Explain Signal Propagation in detail. What are various Signal Propagation Effects? 10 Q4 a) Explain Mobile Terminated and Mobile Originated Call in detail. 10 b) Explain UMTS Architecture. 10 Q5 a) What is Snooping TCP? What are it's advantages and Disadvantages? 10 b) Explain need of Mobile Communication in various areas. 10 Q6 a) Write a Short Note on the following 10 1) Tunnelling and Encapsulation Mobile 2) Agent Advertisement and Agent Discovery

b) Draw a neat sketch of Bluetooth protocol Stack and explain the same

Paper / Subject Code: 89282 / Cryptography & System Security

TE sem VI | C-Sheme K-19 | computer 9P-

ap-10069762

Duration: 3 hours

[Max Marks: 80]

5/12/24

10

10

N.B.: (1) Question No 1 is Con	npulsory.
--------------------------------	-----------

- (2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five.
- (3) All questions carry equal marks.

Explain DES algorithm with flowcharts.

What is DDOS Attack and how it is launched?

(4) Assume suitable data, if required and state it clearly

	(4) Assume suitable data, if required and state it clearly.	
01		າດີ
Q1.		20.
a.	Explain TCP/IP vulnerabilities layer wise.	
b.	Give examples of replay attacks. List three general approaches for	w.
	Explain TCP/IP vulnerabilities layer wise. Give examples of replay attacks. List three general approaches for dealing with replay attack.	د انمین معروضا وها
c.		12
d.		120
		**
Q2 a.	Apply Diffie Hellman key exchange algorithm, two users P & Q will	10 .
	agree on two numbers as n=11 common prime & g=7 is generator. x=3,	
	y=6 are private keys of P & Q respectively. What is shared secret key?	Salar .
		Ž.,
b.	Discuss DES with reference to following points	10
	1. Block size and key size	
	2. Need of expansion permutation	
	3.Role of S-box	
.54	4. Weak keys and semi weak keys	
	5. Possible attacks on DES	
Q3 a.	What characteristics are needed in secure hash function? Explain secure	10
	hash algorithm on 512 bits.	
b.	Use RSA algorithm, user A has public key (17,321), B has public key	10
	(5,321). Calculate private keys of both the users. Encrypt m=7 by B's	
A.	public keys. How B can decrypt the same.	
*		
O4 a.	How does PGP achieve confidentiality and authentication in emails?	10
b.	Use the Play fair cipher with the key "DOCUMENT" to encrypt the	10
	message "ALL THE BEST"	
0.5	TYPE TO THE TOTAL	
Q5 a.	Why are digital certificates and signatures required? What is the role of	10
	digital signature in digital certificates? Explain any one digital signature	
	algorithm.	
b.	What are different types of firewalls? How firewall is different from	10
	IDS.	

TE/ Sem VI | C-schame | computor Engq.

(3 Hours) **Total Marks: 80**

(1) Question No. 1 is compulsory. N.B:

- (2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.

Q.1.	A.	Compare Application Software and System Software.	5
	B.	Construct operator precedence Parser for the grammar:	5
		$E \rightarrow E + E \mid E * E \mid a$.	
		Parse the string "a+a*a" using the same parser.	
	C.	Explain forward reference concept with example.	5
	D.	Explain the functions of a Loader.	5
Q.2.	A.	Explain with flowchart design of two pass assembler.	10
	B.	Construct Three address code for the following program	10
		i= 1;	
		x = 0;	
		while (i <= n)	
		{	
		x = x + 1;	
		i = i + 1;	
		}	

Q.3.	Α.	Explain Direct Linking Loader in Detail.	10
	B.	Design LL(1) parsing table for the given grammar:	10
		S →iCtSE a	
		$E \rightarrow eS \mid \varepsilon$	
		$C \rightarrow b$	

Also state that whether the given grammar is LL(1) or not.

Q.4.	A.	Explain the working of a Single-pass macro processor with neat flowchart.	10
	B.	Explain with suitable example code optimization techniques.	10
Q.5.	A.	Explain different issues in code generation phase of compiler.	10
	В.	Explain DAG with suitable example.	10

Q.6.	A.	Explain the different phases of a compiler with suitable example.	10
	B.	Explain advanced macro facilities with suitable examples.	10

